Scrial Nr.: 10/772,933

Art Unit: 2821

04117-URS

## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

1-3. (Cancelled).

4. (New) A control circuit of an electronic ballast for a fluorescent lamp which comprises

a first filament with two ends connected to output terminals P7 and P8 of the electronic

ballast, and a second filament with two ends connected to output terminals P3 and P4

of the electronic ballast, the electronic ballast comprising a capacitor C10 connected

between the output terminals P7 and P4, a filter and rectifier circuit providing a DC

voltage positive output and a ground, a half bridge oscillation circuit mainly formed by

two transistors Q1 and Q2 for generating a high voltage output to the output terminal

P8, and a driving transformer with a primary winding T1A and two secondary windings

T1B and T1C, the primary winding T1A having a first end connected to the output

terminal P3 and a second end connected to the ground, the secondary winding T1B

having a first end driving the transistor Q1 and a second end connected to a resistor R1

which is connected to the DC voltage positive output through a resistor R5, the

secondary winding T1C having a first end driving the transistor Q2 and a second end

connected to the ground, the control circuit comprising:

a protection circuit for preventing the half bridge oscillation circuit of the electronic

ballast from generating an abnormal high AC voltage when the fluorescent lamp is

defective, the protection circuit including a capacitor C11 having a first end

connected to the output terminal P8 and a second end connected to an anode of a

diode D12 and a resistor R8 which is connected to the ground, a resistor R9 having

a first end connected to a cathode of the diode D12 and a second end connected to a

Scrial Nr.: 10/772,933

Art Unit: 2821

04117-URS

cathode of a Zener diode D13, a capacitor C12 in parallel with a resistor R10

connecting the cathode of the Zener diode D13 to the ground, a capacitor C13

connecting an anode of the Zener diode D13 to the ground, a SCR thyristor TH1

having a gate connected to the anode of the Zener diode D13, a cathode connected

to the ground and an anode connected to a junction between the resistor R1 and the

resistor R5, and a diode D11 having an anode connected to the output terminal P3

and a cathode connected to the anode of the SCR thyristor TH1; and

an automatic re-lamp circuit for lighting a newly-installed fluorescent lamp without

switching off and on a supplying power of the control circuit, the automatic re-lamp

circuit including a resistor R11 having a first end connected to the DC voltage

positive output and a second end connected to the output terminal P4, a resistor R12

having a first end connected to the output terminal P4 and a second end connected

to the ground via a capacitor C14, a transistor Q3 having a collector connected to

the anode of the SCR thyristor TH1, an emitter connected to the ground and a base

connected to a cathode of a diode D14, and a resistor R13 connecting the second

end of the resistor R12 to an anode of the diode D14.

5. (New) The control circuit as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the capacitor C13 of the

protection circuit is to prevent interference from high frequency noises.

6. (New) The control circuit as claimed in Claim 4, wherein the capacitor C14 is to

provide a by-pass so that an AC voltage from a filament is by-passed to the ground to

avoid affecting the normal operation of the transistor Q3 under a normal lighting

condition.